THE NEW YORK HERALD. THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND.

THE GREATEST IN THE WORLD. To the Public.

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THE WEEKLY HERALD—published every Saturday

morning-price 6% cents per copy, or \$3 12 per annuar ages paid, cash in advance. ADVERTISERS are informed that the circulation Herald is over THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND, and inc rieraid is over THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND, and increasing fast. It has the largest circulation of any paper in this city, or the world, and, is, therefore, the best channel for business men in the city or country. Prices moderate—cash in advance. PRINTING of all kinds executed at the most moderate price, and in the most places.

the most elegant style.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT. PROPRIETOR OF THE HERALD ESTABLISHMENT, Northwest corner of Fulton and Nassau streets

DAY LINE TO BOSTON,
BY THE LONG ISLAND RAIL ROAD.
A Daily Train, Sundays excepted, leaves Brooklyn precise
at Bo'clock, A. M. for Greeaport, from whence passengers a
conveyed in a first-rate Steamer to Stomington, on Monday
Wednesdays and Fridays, and to Norwich on Tuesdays. Thur
days and Saturdays. Passengers must be at the South Fer
toot of Whitehall street, in time to take the Ferry Boat at 7
o'clock A. M., where tickets may be procured and lurgage of
posited in crarse, that go through to Boston unopened. and Saturdays. Passengers must be at the South Ferry, of Whitehall street, in time to take the Ferry Boat at 7½ ock A. M., where tickets may be procured and lugrage deted in crabes, that go through to Boston unopened, as Line stops only twice between Brooklyn and Greenport, —at "Farmingdale" 31, and at the "Manor," 67 miles from kelyn, and generally reaching Boston in ten to eleven hours. Accommodation Line leaves for Greenport every day, lays excepted, at 3 o'clock P. M., and returning leaves aport at 5 A. M. and surple leaves aport at 5 A. M.

HIBERNIA Captain Alexander Ryrie.
CALEDONIA Captain Edward G. Lott.
ACADIA Captain Edward G. Lott.
ACADIA Captain William Harrison.
BRITANNIA Captain John Hewitt.
CAMBRIA Captain C. H. E. Judkins.
Ill sail from Liverpool and Boston, vis. Hajifax, as follows
From Boston. From Liverpool.
Caledonia, Lott. August 6th.
Acadis, Harrison. Sept. 1st. August 4th.
Hibernia, Ryrie. 16th.
Caledonia, Lott. August 4th.
Captain Capta

sage, apply to D. BRIGHAM, Jun. Agent, No. 3 Wall sage FOR HALIFAX AND LIVERPOOL.

ACADIA, W. Harrison, Esq., Commander, on Sunday, Sep. 1.
HIBERNÍA, Alex. Ityrie, Esq., on Monday 16.
Passage to Haliax. b. BRIGHAM, Jr., Agent, au22m

Apply to D. BRIGHAM, Jr., Agent, 3 Wall street. THE NEW STEAMBOAT
EMPIRE,
CAPTAIN D. HOWE,

with Evan's ratest safety varies, to proceed the panexylosion an explosion, abin is 230 feet long, with separate Saloons for Ladies clemen-spacious State Rooms extend the whole length, d by doors opening from the inside and out, and all the boat are finished and furnished in a style unerfualled ther in the world. Ample accommodations for Steernegers, in four large well ventilated Cabins, one of which writted exclusively to females.

act is provided with a good band of music.

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NEW BRIGHTON. PORT RICHMOND, (STATEN ISLAND.) AND NEW YORK FERRY.

From Fier No. 1. North River, foot of Battery Place.

The Steamboat CINDERELLA, will ran as follows, Daily, from May 20th to October 1st, 1841 — Leaves New York at 9 and 11 o'clock, A. M., at 3\%, 6 and P. M.
Leaves Port Ricomond, at 20 minutes to 3, and 10 minutes to
10 A. M.; at 1, 4\% and 6\% P. M.
Leaves New Brighton at 8 and 10 A. M.; at 1\%, 5 and 7\%

10 A. M.; at 1, 45 and 65 P. M.
Leaves New Brighton at 8 and 10 A. M.; at 1M, 5 and 7M
P. M.
On Sunday—Leaves New York, at 9 and 11 A. M.; at 3, 6 and
8 P. M. Leaves Fort Richmond, at 20 minutes to 8 and 10 A.M.;
at 1, 5 and 7M P. M.
N. Leaves Fort Richmond, at 20 minutes to 8 and 10 A.M.;
at 1, 5 and 7M P. M.
WYORK, May 18, 1844.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
NEWARK AND NEW YORK.
FARE ONLY 123 CENTS.
THE NEW AND SWIFT STEAMER RAINBOW,
CAPTAIN JOHN GAFFY.
On and after Monday, May 13, will run as
follows:—Leave Newark, 10 of Centre st, at
7% A. M. and 15 P. M. Leave New York,
foot of Barelay at at 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.
On Sundays—Leave Newark at 8 A. M. and 2 P. M. and New
York at 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.
Freight carried at very reasonable rates.
May 10th, 1844.

York at 19 A. M., and 4 P. M.
Freight carried at very reasonable rates.
May 10th, 1844.

STATEN ISLAND
FERRY.
FOOT OF WHITEHALL.
The Boats will run as follows until further notice:
LEAVE, REV.
6, 8, 9, 16, 11, A. M.; 1, 2, 3, 2, 5, 5, 7, P. M.
LEAVE, REV.
7, 9, 9, 10, 11, A. M.; 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, P. M.
ON Sundays, every hour, from 8 A. M. to 7 P. M.—1 P. M.
excepted.
ORT HAMILTON AND NEW YORK.
Leaves New York, 6 A. M.; 39, P. M.
"Fort Hamilton 75; H. M.; 45; P. M.
(Sundays excepted.)
CLIFTON AND NEW YORK.
Leaves New York, 6 A. M.; 39, E. M.
"Sundays accepted."
Clifton, 75; A. M.; 35; and 45; P. M.
(Sundays accepted.)
NEW YORK, ALBANY AND TROY STEAMBOAT
FER ALBANY AND TROY—Morning
Line from the foot of Barclay street, landing
The Steamer Ently IRE. Captain S. R. Roe, Monday, Weduesday and Friday Morning at 7 o'clock.
The Steamer SWALLOW, Captain A. Gorham, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Morning at 7 o'clock.
The Steamer SWALLOW, Captain A. McLean, Monday, Weduesday and Friday My Evening, at 7 o'clock.
The Steamer SWALLOW, Captain A. McLean, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday Evening, at 7 o'clock.
The Steamer SWALLOW, Captain R. B. Macy, Taesday, Thursday and Saturday Evening, at 7 o'clock.
The Boats of this Line, owing to their light draught of well-east or west.
For passage or freight, apply on board, or at the offices on the wharves.

FOR BATH, GARDINER AND HALLOWELL. THE Old Line LIVERPOOL

THE Old Line of Fackets for Liverpool will bereafter be despatched, in the following order, excepting that when the sailing daylialis on Sunday, the ships will sail on the succeeding day, viz. — From New Yerk. From Liverpool. The CAMBRIDGE, 1800 gams, 1800 gams,

TO THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

5 P. M., at the Arsenal Yard. 12 M., at Fort Hamilton, L. I.

PASSENGER ARRANGEMENT FOR 1844.
The Subscribers having completed their arrangements, now prepared to bring out passengers from Great Britsin a freland by the following first class Packet Ships, one of whi will leave Liverpool on the 1st, 6th, 11th, 16th, 21st and 28th

W. H. Cook, Buffalo, N. Y. W. H. Cook, Buffalo, N. Y. H. Fitzhugh & Co., Oswego, N. Y. HARNDEN & CO.

PASSAGE FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND

BY THE BLACK BALL OR OLD LINE OF
[Sailing from Liverpool on the 7th and 19th of every month.]
Persons wishing to send to the Old Country for their friends can make the necessar, arrangements with the Subscribers, and have them come out in this superior Line of Packets, Sailing from Liverpool punctually on the 7th and 19th of every month. They will also have a first rate class of American trading ships, sailing every six days, thereby affording weekly communication from that port. One of the firm, (Mr. James D. Roche.) is there, to see that they shall be forwarded with care and described.

sere, to see that they shall be atch.

Should the parties agreed for, not come out, the money will be returned to those who paid it here, without any reduction.

The Black Ball or Old Line of Livepool Packets, comprise following magnificent Ships, viz.:—

Pac ONFORD

CAMBER DGE,

EUROPE,

SOUTH AMERICA,

NORTH AMERICA,

With such americe and unequalled arrangements, the Sub

port which has been extended to them so many years, for which they are grateful.

Those proceeding, or remitting money to their relatives, can at all times obtain Drafts at sight for any amount, drawn direct on the Royal Bank of Ireland, Dublim, also, on

Messars, PRESCOTT, GROTE, AMES & CO.

Bankers, London.

which will be paid on demand at any of the Banks, or their Branches, in all the principal towns throughout England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

ROCHE, BROTHERS & CO.

35 Fulton street, New York,
N. B.—ThetOld Line of Liverpool Packets sail from this port for Liverpool on the lat and 19th of each month. Parties returning to the Old Country will find it to their comfort and advantage to select this favorite Line for their conveyance, in preference to say other.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR 1844.

THE NEW LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS.

passage, apply to a MINTURNS,

The EUROPE. A. B. Lowber.
The EUROPE. 618 tons.
The NEW YORK. (new.)
950 tons.
The COLUMBUS.
700 tons.
G. A. Cole.
The YORKSHIRE. (new.)

LINE OF PACKET SHIPS FOR NEW OR
LEANS.—The subscriber will despatch a first class
ship, weekly for the above port; and great care will be
taken to have the accommodations for second cabin and steerage
passengers, fitted up in the most comfortable manner. For further particulars apply to
J. HERDMAN,
61 South spays.

Ashburton, Gao, Washington, Ashburton, Stephen Whitney, Hockester, Samuel Hicks, Queen of the West, Oxford. Certificates of passage can be obtained, and sway information if the given to those sending for their friends, on application either of our Offices.

They will also be prepared, on the opening of navigation, to ward passengers and their luggage to Albany and Troy, and o all ports of the Upper Like.

Sowege to Toronto, Port Hope, Cal.

Troy via West.

ONE SHILLING PER LESSON,

THOROUGH instruction given in the French, Spanish as Italian Languages, Book-keeping, Navigation, Algebisometry, Trigonometry, Serveying, Writing, Arithmetic, & Circulars and references may be had of J. D. Morris, Jr. N. B. Evening Classes. SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.

"The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary.

Messars. Sands:—Gents—I consider it but an act of justice to you to state the following facts in reference to the great bearing in the property of the cure of an obstinate Carceron to the great bearing in the received in the cure of an obstinate Carceron to the great bearing in the property of the advice and coursel of one of our most able and experienced surgeous, without the least benefit whatever. All the various methods of treating cancer were resorted to; for five weeks in succession my breast was burned with sayeak solution of nitric acid, and the cavity or internal ulcer were sayed to a five the sayeak solution of nitric acid, and the cavity or internal ulcer was so large that it held over an ounce of the solution. The Doctor probed the ulcer and examined the bone, and said the disease was advancing rapidly to the lungs, and if I did not get speedy relief by medicine or an operation, the result would be faltal. I was advised to have the breast laid open and the bones examined, but finding no relief from what had been done, and feeling that I was rapidly getting worse, I almost despared of recovery, and considered my case nearly honeless.

Seeing various testimonials and certificates of cure by the use of "Sanns's Sansarantilla," in cases aimilar to my own, I concluded to try a few bottless, several of which were used, but from the long deep rooted character of my disease, produced no very decided change, considering this as the only probable cure for my case, I persevered, until the disease was entirely offered by "Sanvis's Sansarantilla," as I look to other medicine of my kind during the time. I was using it, nor have I taken any since. Please excuse this long deferred acknowledgment, which I think it my duty to make. Your valuable Sarsaralla, "Manuel Sansarantilla," as I look to other medicine of my kind during the time. I was using it, nor have I taken any since. Pleas

suffered for years with Fever Sores on his legs, and could had no relief until he used Sanda's Saraparilla. Mr. Almy, writing st the request and on behalf of the patient, Jonathan Harris, any:—

Gigstlemen:—It has once more become my daty to commaj nicate to you the situation of Mr. Harris, and you may rely upon it! do so with the utmost pleasure. Mr. Harris says that four of his sores are entirely healed up, and the remainder are fast doing so. He further says, that he has no pain in the affected limb whatever—that his sleep is of the most refreshing nature, and his health in every respect very much improved—so visible is the change that all who see him exclaim "what a change!" and earmstly enquire what he has been doing? He has gained in flesh very much, and is able to work at his trade,—which is that of a shoemaker—without any inconvenience. This is the substance of his narrative—but the picture! a cannot in any way here do justice to. The manner, the gratified, the faith, and the enhilisting effect upon his spirits, you can but faintly imagine. He requests me to say he will come and see you as aurely as he lives. May God continue to bless your endeavors to alleviate the miserios of the human family, is the fervent prayer of your sincere friend.

BROORLEN, CONE, July 10, 1844.

MESSER, SARDS:—Gents—Most cheerfully do I add to the numerous testimonials of your life preservative Sarsaparilla. I was attacked in the year 1839 with a scrudious affection on my upper lip, and continuing upward, taking hold of my nose and surrounding parts, until the passages for conveying tears from the eyes 159 the nose were destroyed, which caused an unceasing flow of tears. It also affected my gums, causing a discharge very unpleasant, and my teeth became so loose that it would not have been a hard task to pull them out with a slight jerk—such were my feelings and suffering at this time that I was readered perfectly miserable. I consulted the first plysa; cians in the city, but with hitle benefit. Every thing I heard of was trie

For farther particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficacy, see pamphlets, which may be obtained gratis.

Frepared and sold, wholesale and retail, by
A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists,
79 Fulton street, 273 Broadway, 77 Fast Broadway,
Sold also by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price \$1 per bottle; six bottles for \$5.

The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sand's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla, and take no other, and the subject is therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla, and take no other.

Carthage. ondence of the Herald.] CARTHAGE, Aug. 11th, 1844. The Mormons and their Leader-His Crimes, Cha racter, and Massacre-Pleas in Palliation-Anti-

Mormon Defence DEAR SIR :- Since I had the pleasure of seeing you, last winter, in your sanctum sanctorum, from whence editorial genius spreads its brightening rays and i'umines the civilized world, I have been playing the cosmopolite, but at last returned to the country of Joe Smith notoriety in time to witness the scenes—the glorious and inglorious achievements of the Mormon war in Hancock county-and as many uninformed correspondents have written for the eastern papers, whose statements are erroneous, in many particulars, in relation to the causes of the death of the Smith's at Carthage, while also many editors are severely rebuking the old citizens of Hancock county, a portion of whom are supposed to be among the perpetrators of the offence, leaving the impression upon the public mind that they are the foulest murders recorded in the annals of crime, I will relate to you a few facts, being a few of the prominent causes which induced the old citizens of the surrounding country to arise in their indignation and strike the blow which cut off the head of an evil, which to them, and to every freeman within the sphere of its baneful influence, had become intolerable.

within the sphere of its baneful influence, had become intolerable.

First, sir, let me premise that I shall not attempt to justify the course of the perpetrators, but to palliate their conduct by showing the circumstances by which they were surrounded. I know, sir, that the spirit of mobocracy which results in the infliction of summary vengeance or justice is dangerous in its tendency; that it generally rushes beyond the convictions of the community; that it disarms men of reason; that it unbridles and gives free exercise to the baser passions of our nature; but I have been unwillingly convinced of one lamentable fact—that, on the border settlements of our free republic, beyond the influence of a high degree of virtue and refinement, such as exist in older settlements in a new country, where so many bankrupts, in honor and character, are found, who are willing to foster and cherish crime, a case has arose where the slow, uncertain and obstructed operation of the law was not adequate to redress the grievances of an injured and an oppressed community—where the old and honored citizens of the country must either yield as slaves and bow submissive to the will of a despotic, pretended Prophet of the Lord, or grasp the sword of retributive justice, and execute the decree which emanates from the heart of every patriot.

You, doubtless, are acquainted with the past his-

will of a despotic, pretended Prophet of the Lord, or grasp the sword of retributive justice, and execute the decree which emanates from the heart of every patriot.

You, doubtless, are acquainted with the past history of the Mormons—how the imposter Joe Smith commenced his pretended divine mission in the State of New York, where he was known as a lazy, idle, thick-headed boy; that he gathered around him a few loafers there, and soon became so obnoxious to the inhabitants there, that they employed means to rid the State of his presence; that from there he went to Kirtland, Ohio, and in a few years gathered a considerable number of proselytes; that he there commenced his swindling operations on quite an extensive scale, at a time when the banking system was popular; he successfully demonstrated the proposition that paper currency was unsafe, after committing outrages there which the good citizens of Ohio were not disposed to submit to. They gave him a few stripes, which induced him to pack up and lead his mottey crew to the Western borders of the State of Missouri; there he carried on such a series of aggressions which brought on a bloody war, and resulted in the total extermination of the Mormons. From there they fled to the hospitable shores of Illinois. Upon their arrival here, they sung the plaintive song of persecution and oppression for their religious opinions, and being in a state of abject poverty, the citizens of Illinois contributed liberally for their relief, and established for them a home in their midst. The legislature granted them a charter for their city, expecting from their professions that they would be a valuable acquisition to our young population, little thinking that they were cherishing a viper that would sting them the moment he was warmed into life and power.

Let us enquire what has been the situation of the old citizens; the kind entertainment of a band of strangers; and what the conduct of Joe Smith and his followers, the recipients of not only kindness and hospitality, but even hon

known to our laws, both more and municipal, and those charges are susceptible of the most indubitable proof. Credible witnesses can be had who lived in Nauvoc, some who were in the confidence of Smith, to whom he would make admissions, and solicit their aid in the destruction of female virtue, and in swindling his deluded victims out of their property, under pretence that it was the Lord's will they should yield to the wants and desires of God's Holy Prophet, or jeapordize their eternal salvation. Other persons in the city who are unconnected with the Mormon church, have been close observers of Smith's conduct during the existence of the city of Nauvoc, who are acquainted with a chain of circumstances which fixes guilt of the deepest dye upon him as unerringly as though the knowledge had been derived through the medium of the senses. Still the apologists of the Mormons appear to think the charges against the Mormons appear to think the charges against the Mormons appear to think they are the cause of the world preserving its proper equilibrium, by their attending to the business of others and reporting upon the state of the public mind in the different quarters of the globe—they come to Nauvoc, anxious to ascertain for themselves the facts in relation to the Mormons; they of course would go to the source of Mormons it they of course would go to the source of Mormons it they of course would go to the source of Mormons it have been desired, appeals to God that he is innocent of crime and free from all unrighteousness. The stranger, if he does not go down to the water and be baptized, he goes away satisfied that the poor Mormons are an injured people, and those who are opposed to them are maddened by the demon of prejudice. Of course, those astue philosophers, to become satisfied of the truth of the charges made against Smith and his adherents, would expect them to confess their crimes to them and practise their iniquities at noon day, in the presence of strangers. I hope some of the institutions of the East will

Theatricals, &c. Geo. H. Andrews, the well known and favorite comedian of the late Tremont Theatre, is engaged

for the season at the National, Boston. Welch, the celebrated Equestrian Manager, after having visited Europe and Asia, is expected shortly to re-open the "Olympic," Philadelphia. Sol. Smith and Mrs. Kent are engaged at the

Cincinnati Theatre. Mr. Ranger, who performed some five or six years since upon the boards of the late Tremont Theatre, and in most of the principal theatres in the States, it is stated, has lately returned from Lincoinshire, Eng., where he had been to take posses-

sion of estates worth £120,000. Mr. Maeder has returned to Boston, to resume his professional avocations.

Pelby has secured the charming danseuse Miss Partington, late of Niblo's, for the National Thea-

Pelby has secured the charming danseuse Miss Partington, late of Niblo's, for the National Theatre, Boston.

At the Concert Hall, Boston, they have the two Enchantresses, Miss St. Clair and Miss Hood, who have capitated the town for a long while.

Sig. De Begnis, accompanied by Miss Caroline Durang, a vocalist of whom great things are said, Mr. Barton, a pupil of Nicholson, the celebrated Flutest, and Monsieur Berg, the well known Pianist, have arrived in Montreal, where they are about to give Concerts.

Sig. Antognini and Sanquirico, were giving musical entertainments in Cleveland, Ohio, during the last week.

The Congo Melodists, and the little Ole Bull, have been giving Concerts at the Lyceum Hall, Salem.

The St. Louis Theatre was opened on Monday last.

last.
Rockwell and Stone's Equestrian Company are at Pictou.
Mr. Forbes is drawing good houses at Kingston

Howes and Mable's Equestrian Company are at Louisville.

The Ethiopian Serenaders are still at Baltimore, drawing crowded houses.

Wm. J. Hamilton, a young American vocalist of considerable promise, and Mr. Harrison, Sen., the extemporaneous singer, are about forming a Concert Company of artists of acknowledged talent, to deliver concerts in the various cities throughout the States.

deliver concerts in the various cities throughout the States.

INTERESTING FROM MEXICO.—The Rosetta, Capt. Lapetigue, arrived ye terday from Vera Cruz, whence she sailed on the 4th inst. By her we have received full files of papers, both from Vera Cruz and Mexico. Among other documents which we find in these papers, is the correspondence between the Spanish Minister and the Mexican Government, in relation to the executions at Tabasce. Protests upon protests were heaped up by the Spaniard, in behalf of those natives of Spain who were shot without form of trisl, while the Mexican defends the decrees under which Gen. Ampudia acted. Santa Anna shows a good deal more spirit and fire in this correspondence with Don Oliver, then is usual in Mexican diplomacy. He protests vigoreusly against any interference by foreign powers with the Internal affairs of Mexico. The last letter we have seen of Don Oliver, is dated the 12st of July, and the reply thereto the 26th.

The interminable correspondence between Mr. Green and Boccanegra, in regard to the Texas question, occupies whole columns of the file before us. We look upon it rather as a display of diplomatic dialectics than a correspondence which can lead to any important results.

Under date of the 23d of July Sr. Reyes, the Secretary of War, communicated to the Departments the quots of troops which were allotted to each of them to raise under the decree of Congress of the 2d of July, towards the 30,000 troops for the re-conquest of Texas. Many of our readers may be curious to know how the burden falls.

Mexico. 9,200 Oajaca. 2,000 Jalisco. 4,000 Michosean 1,980 Puebla. 3,500 Vera Cruz. 1,000 Guanajuato. 600 Ranajuato. 600 Aguascalientes. 289 Puebla. 1,500 Sinaloa. 580 Queretaro. 600 Aguascalientes. 289

Buffalo to Kingston, Canada, via St. Lawrence river, 212.

Buffalo to Detroit, by steamboat, 372.
Buffalo to Chicago, via the Lukes, 1047.
Ditto, via Detroit and St. Josephs, 640.
Albany to Troy, by stage, 6.
Albany to Ballston 30.
Albany to Ballston 30.
Albany to Saratoga 37.
Albany to Montreal 252.
Travelling, perhaps, was never cheaper than at the present moment. The conveniences were never greater in this country. Care should be taken to guard against rogues and pickpockets and too much vigilance cannot be exercised in looking after baggage.

Gone to New York.—Bosten Matt. Jug. 31.

COTTON FACTORY IN CANADA.—The Sherbrooke Gazette says, that a meeting was held in Sherbrooke on the 19th inet, at which it was recolved to carry out a long talked of project of establishing a cotton factory at that village. A subscription was opened for \$25,000 in shares of \$100 each; 150 were taken up on the spot, leaving 160 open. A gentleman from Massachusetts, ac quainted with the manufacture, subscribed \$2,000. A building will be erected this fall, 40 by 50 feet, three stories high, on the site of the old saw mill, just below the Magog bridge. The British American Land Company has given a choicejof a water privilege, with the use of it rent free for 20 years. Machinery is to be employed to drive 1000 spindles, capable of turning out 300,000 yards of cotton cloth per annum. In addition to the cotton factory, knitting machines are to be set going for the manufacture of woolen drawers, shirts, stockings, &c. and arrangements have been made for making sewing silk from the vaw material.

Good Farming.—A farmer in Washington county, Maryland, writes to a friend in this city that his wheat crop this year averaged sixty-seven and seven-eighths pounds to the bushel.

Look Out you Countypayers Money.—The cash.

pounds to the bushel.

Look Our For Counterprit Monry.—The cashier of the Homesdale Bank has shown us a bill purporting to be issued by the Hamilton Bank, N.Y. It is a five, sitered from a one, and very smoothly executed, but readily detected by holding it up to the light.—Wayne Co. (Ps.)

Police Records—Sunday—Most Brutal Outrade street, appeared before Justice Haskell, and made an affidavit that a woman named Mary Ferris was violently assanited and beaten by James Hunt, a Sunday officer, who resides at 28 Reade street. He stated that Hunt beat and struck her with a cane across the back in a serious manner, after having arrested her on a charge of approach intoxication, and as Mr. Martin testifies in his affidavit, "without any justification on the part of Hunt." The poor woman was much distressed and cried bitterly, when she came into the Police office to confirm the statement of Mr. Martin. Justice Haskell, to whose honor be it said, has a nobile, generous heart, ordered the back of the woman to be examined by an eminent physician who was present, when, to the astonishment of the Justice and Clerks of Police, it was found marked with severe stripes and blows received from this apology for one of the male species. The Magairate immediately ordered the fellow, Hunt, to find good bail in the sum of \$200 for his appearance at the Court of General Sessions to answer for his brutal and unmanly conduct, and allowed him to leave the office on his parol of honor to obtain the required security. Not returning at a late hour in the afterneon, a warrant was issued for his apprehension and placed in the hands of officer Harris, who seached the remainder of the day wit hout findinghim. Several officers were in pursuit of him last evening, and if arrested he was placed in the watch house prison for the night. Will Mayor Harper continue a man—no, not a man—in office who will thus cowardly and brutally beat and whip a poor unfortunate woman found in our streets on Sunday? We think not We mistake his character if this being is not immediately dismissed—and if his appointment has been conferred by the Alderman and Assistant of any ward, or by any of the Police or other committees of the Common Council, we hope for the sake of human nature, that they will immediately order him to be dismissed. This James Hont, of

MR. McDuffie's Health.—A few days since, says the editor of the Abbeville Banner, we had the pleasure of meeting with the Hon Geo. McDuffie, at the Diamond Springs, in this district, where he intends apanding a few weeks. His health is improving, and he seemed in fine spirits. We trust the quiet of this place, together with the mineral water, which he says has a fine effect upon him, will re inotate him in health, and the thunders of his eloquence will yet be heard at the capitol.—Charleston Patriot, Aug. 29.

New Manufacturing Establishments.—At Thompsonville, Connecticut, there is a new factory erecting, 120 feet by 40, for the manufacture of Brussels carpets, and another for the manufacture of shirts, drawers, &c. In the village of Tariffville, a new factory 110 feet by 40 and four stories high, for the manufacture of carpets, is going up.

ANOTHER COTTON MILL.—The Northampton Courier states, that the woolen manufacturing company in that town are about to erect another large factory.

Poughkespaie, N. York, O. O. Woodman, Vicksburg, Misser, H. & J. Brewer, Springleid, Mass.; J. P. Hall & Co., Botton, Mass.; Wim. Duscbury, Lowell, Mass.; Jasper C. Ayre, Lowell, Mass.; Last Botton, Mass.; Ranger C. Ayre, Lowell, Mass.; Last Botton, S. C. Thomas, Lower, Last Botton, S. C. Thomas, Lower, Last Botton, Last